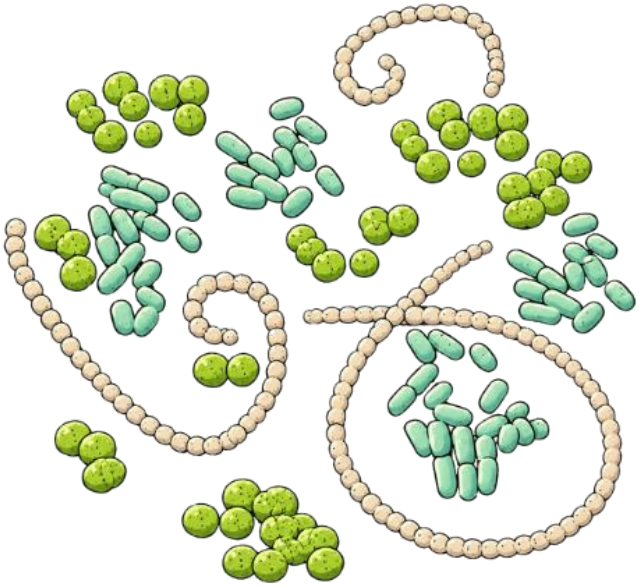
VALIDATION

Microcystin Cyanotox qPCR detection kit

SYL102

Document date: 13 november 2026



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1. *In silico* validation

Table 1. *In silico* validation of primers and probe

Parameter	Forward primer	Reverse primer	Probe*
Length (bp)	25	27	32
GC %	Avg. 53 (96 variants)	Avg. 40 (8 variants)	59
T_m (°C)	Unknown	Unknown	81
Target region	*mcyJ*	*mcyJ*	*mcyJ*
Dimer formation	-	-	No

*Probe labelled with FAM

Table 2. *In silico* validation primers and probe combination

PCR product size (bp)	115
Combined dimer formation	No
***In silico* PCR on Genbank**	*mcyJ* gene of Cyanobacteria
Date of in silico PCR	November 2018

Conclusion:

The *in silico* analysis identified the target organism exclusively, with no predicted amplification of non-target taxa.

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2. Experimental validation

All validation experiments were conducted using the Sylphium qPCR mix and analyzed with Applied biosystems 7300 qPCR instrument.

2.1. Analytical sensitivity, fluorescence output signal and efficiency

Standard solutions containing nominal target concentrations of 10^6, 10^5, 10^4, 10^3, 10^2, 10, and 0 target copies per reaction were analyzed at the optimal primer and probe concentrations. Fluorescence output was compared with the background signal, with a minimum 100-fold increase in fluorescence considered acceptable. Reaction conditions were optimized when fluorescence signals were insufficiently distinguishable from background noise.

The amplification efficiency of the primer and probe set was calculated from the slope of the standard curve and was considered acceptable when between 90% and 110%.

Results

Positive amplification was observed down to the lowest tested nominal concentration of **10 target copies per reaction** under the tested conditions (**Figure 1; Table 3**). The fluorescence output of positive reactions exceeded the predefined criterion of a 100-fold increase relative to the background signal.

The amplification efficiency of the assay was **99.2%**, indicating that the primer and probe set performed within the predefined acceptable efficiency range of 90-110% (**Figure 2; Table 4**).

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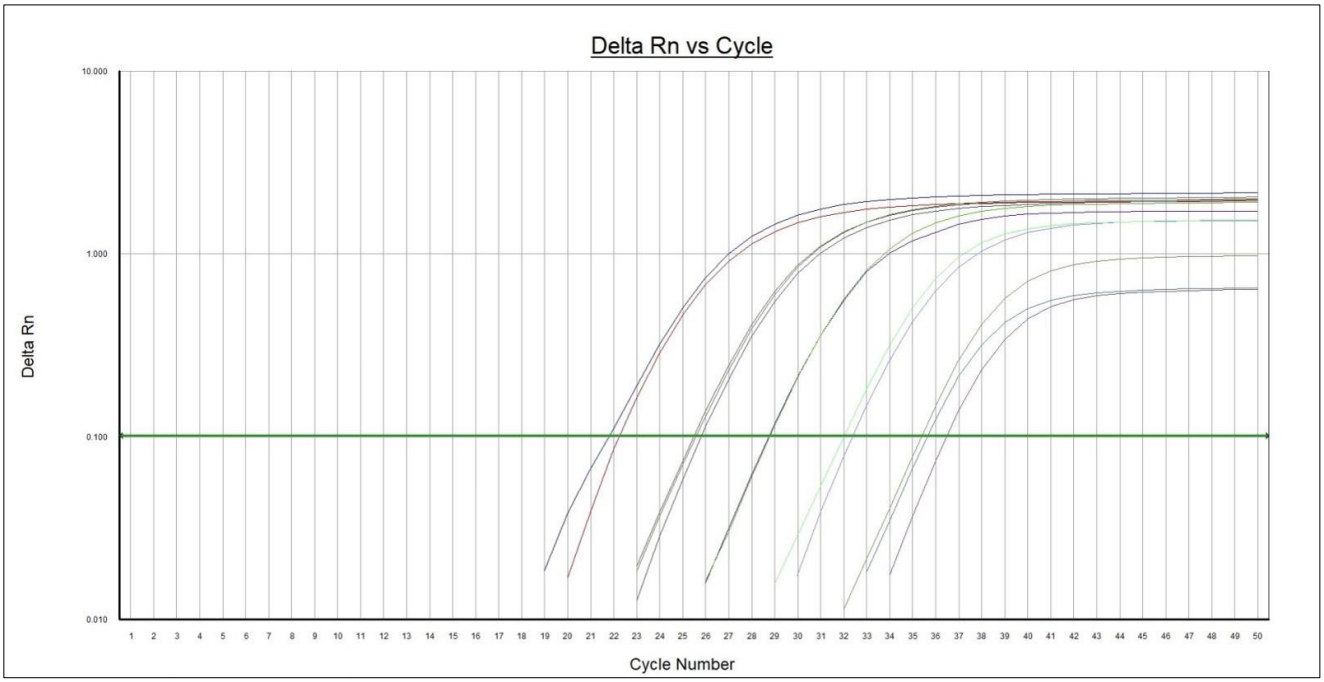


Figure 1. Amplification curves obtained at the optimal primer and probe concentrations and an annealing temperature of 55°C.

Table 3. Detection results and Cq values obtained at the optimal primer and probe concentrations and an annealing temperature of 55°C

Nominal target copies per reaction*	Target detected	Mean Cq ± SD
0	No	-
10	Yes	n.d.
10^2	Yes	35.8 ± 0.6
10^3	Yes	32.2 ± 0.2
10^4	Yes	28.7 ± 0.0
10^5	Yes	25.6 ± 0.2
10^6	Yes	22.0 ± 0.3

n.d.: not determined, these low amounts of DNA could not be quantitively detected in a reliable way by the qPCR instrument. *****As estimated by gel electrophoresis.

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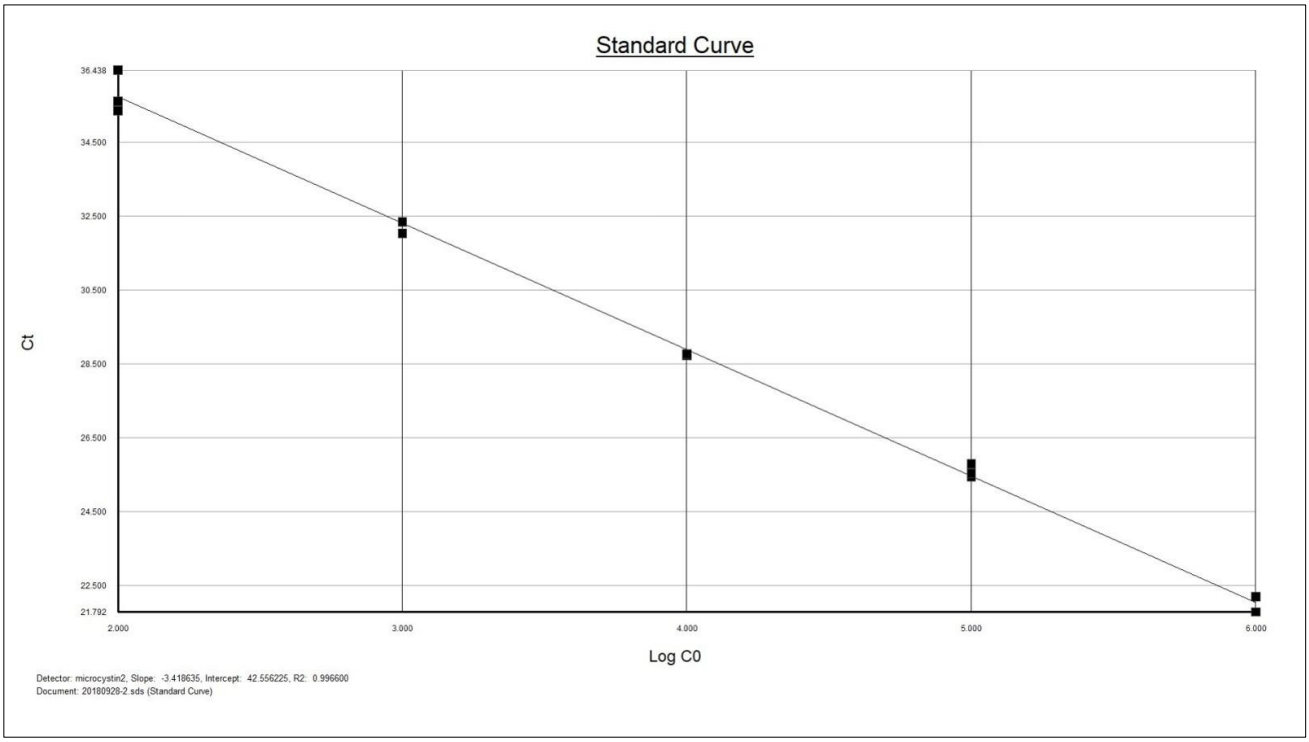


Figure 2. Standard curve generated from nominal target concentrations of 10^2, 10^3, 10^4, 10^5, and 10^6 copies per reaction.

Table 4. Standard curve parameter obtained with the *Microcystin Cyanotox* qPCR detection kit

Parameter	Result
Slope	-3.42
Amplification efficiency (%)	99.2
R^2	0.997

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Sylphium Molecular Ecology

The eDNA company

Sylphium Molecular Ecology

Diamantlaan 6b
9743 BG Groningen
Netherlands

Tel.: +31 6 82 42 64 44
E-mail: info@sylphium.com

www.sylphium.com

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